The Secretary of State of the United States of America hereby requests all whom it may concern to permit the citizen(s)/national(s) of the United States named herein to pass without delay or hindrance and in case of need to give all lawful aid and protection.

Le Secrétaire d'Etat des Etats-Unis d'Amérique prie par les présentes toutes les autorités compétentes d'autoriser l'entrée du(des) ressortissant(s) des Etats-Unis nommé(s) dans les présentes, sans délai ni difficulté et, en cas de besoin, d'accorder audit(auxdits) ressortissant(s) toute aide et toute protection légitimes.
This passport must not be used by any person other than the person to whom issued or in violation of the conditions or restrictions placed therein or in violation of the rules regulating the issuance of passports. Any willful violation of these laws and regulations will subject the offender to prosecution under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1544.

Amendments and Endorsements
 Modifications et Mentions Spéciales

IF ISSUED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES THE FOLLOWING SECTION MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE ISSUING AUTHORITY.

PASSPORT ISSUED AT—PASSEPORT DÉLIVRE À

CITY AND COUNTRY—VILLE ET PAYS

SIGNATURE—SIGNATURE

TITLE—TITRE
ADMITTED
U.S. CUSTOMS
U.S. IMMIGRATION
1018
SEA-TAC AIRPORT
DATE 04/07/79

GIVEN LEAVE TO ENTER THE UNITED KINGDOM FOR SIX MONTHS

IMMIGRATION OFFICER
* (520) *
- 2 APR 1979
HEATHROW (3)

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PASSPORT BEARER TO OBTAIN THE NECESSARY VISAS.

LE TITULAIRE DU PASSEPORT EST SEUL RESPONSABLE DE L'OBTENTION DES VISAS REQUIS.
IMMUNIZATIONS. Under the International Health Regulations adopted by the World Health Organization, a country, under certain conditions, may require International Certificates of Vaccination against Smallpox, Yellow Fever, and Cholera from international travelers. No vaccinations are required to return to the United States from any country. Some other countries, however, may require certain immunizations, and certain other preventive measures are advisable for some travelers. The booklet, “Health Information for International Travel,” available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, provides pertinent information. Specific information may be obtained from your local health department, physician, or private or public agency that advises international travelers.

HEALTH INSURANCE. Persons considering foreign travel should determine what health insurance coverage, if any, they have while outside the United States. Medicare does not cover health care costs outside the United States except under limited circumstances in Canada and Mexico.

CUSTOMS SERVICE. The pamphlet, “Know Before You Go,” gives you current pertinent information about customs requirements, and how they apply to articles acquired abroad. Obtain a copy from your nearest customs office or from the U.S. Customs Service, P.O. Box 7118, Washington, D.C. 20044. If you take out of or bring into the United States more than $5,000 (U.S. or foreign currency, travelers checks, money orders, or other bearer monetary instruments), you are required to file a report with the U.S. Customs Service.

TREASURY. The unlicensed purchase or importation of merchandise of Cuban, North Korean, Vietnamese, Cambodian, or Southern Rhodesian origin is prohibited except for accompanied baggage from those countries (but not from Rhodesia) with a foreign market value of $100 or less. For further information contact the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Treasury Department, Washington, D.C. 20220.

AGRICULTURE. Your reentry into the United States will be speeded if you bring with you NO foreign meat, other animal products, birds, animals, fruits, vegetables, plants, soil, or other agricultural items. It is unlawful to import foreign agricultural items without permission since they may carry destructive plant or animal pests and diseases. For specific information, write "Quarantines," PPQ, APHIS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782.
The Secretary of State of the United States of America hereby requests all whom it may concern to permit the citizen/national of the United States named herein to pass without delay or hindrance and in case of need to give all lawful aid and protection.

Le Secrétaire d'État des États-Unis d'Amérique prie par les présentes toutes autorités compétentes de laisser passer le citoyen ou ressortissant des États-Unis titulaire du présent, passeport, sans délai ni difficulté et, en cas de besoin, de lui accorder toute aide et protection légitimes.
Amendments and Endorsements
Modifications et Mentions Spéciales

NOTICE

This passport must not be used by any person other than the person to whom issued or in violation of the conditions or restrictions placed therein or in violation of the rules regulating the issuance of passports. Any willful violation of these laws and regulations will subject the offender to prosecution under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1544.

IF ISSUED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES THE FOLLOWING SECTION MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE ISSUING AUTHORITY.

PASSPORT ISSUED AT—PASSEPORT DÉLIVRE A

CITY AND COUNTRY—VILLE ET PAYS

SIGNATURE—SIGNATURE

TITLE—TITRE
LEAVE TO ENTER FOR SIX MONTHS
EMPLOYMENT PROHIBITED

IMMIGRATION OFFICER
24 JUN 1984
HEATHROW (3)

U.S. IMMIGRATION
1984
SEP 2 & 1992
ADMITTED
UNTIL

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PASSPORT BEARER TO
OBTAIN THE NECESSARY VISAS.

LE TITULAIRE DU PASSEPORT EST SEUL RESPONSABLE DE
L'OBTENTION DES VISAS REQUIS.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION

THIS PASSPORT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. IT MUST BE SURRENDERED UPON DEMAND MADE BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE. THE PASSPORT IS NOT VALID UNLESS SIGNED BY THE BEARER ON PAGE TWO.

LOSS, THEFT OR DESTRUCTION OF PASSPORT should be reported immediately to local police authorities and to the Passport Services, Washington, D.C. 20520, or, if overseas, to the nearest American embassy or consulate. Your passport is a valuable citizenship and identity document. It should be carefully safeguarded. Its loss could cause you unnecessary travel complications as well as significant expense.

ALTERATION OR MUTILATION OF PASSPORT. This passport must not be altered or mutilated in any way. Alteration may make it INVALID and, if willful, may subject you to prosecution (Title 18, U.S. Code, Section 1543). Only authorized officials of the United States or of foreign countries, in connection with official matters, may place stamps or make statements, notations or additions in this passport. You must not alter any dates or make any changes in your description, on the photograph, or on any other page of this passport. You are permitted, however, to amend or update personal information for your own convenience on the inside front cover.

EXPIRATION. The expiration date is given on page two.

LOSS OF NATIONALITY. You may lose your U.S. nationality by being naturalized in, or by taking an oath or making a declaration of allegiance to, a foreign state; or by serving in the armed forces or accepting employment under the government of a foreign state; or by making a formal renunciation of nationality either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States while abroad. For detailed information, consult the nearest American embassy or consulate.

DUAL NATIONALS. A person is considered a dual national when he owes allegiance to more than one country at the same time. A claim to allegiance may be based on facts of birth, marriage, parentage or naturalization. A dual national may, while in the jurisdiction of the other country which considers him its national, be subject to all of its laws, including being conscripted for military service. Dual nationals who encounter problems should contact the nearest American consular office.

WHEN TRAVELING IN DISTURBED AREAS you should keep in touch with the nearest American consular office.

IF YOU RESIDE ABROAD or when traveling to remote areas you should register at the nearest American embassy or consulate.

GENERAL INFORMATION

IMMUNIZATIONS. Under the International Health Regulations, a country may require International Certificates of Vaccination against Yellow Fever and Cholera. Because smallpox has been eradicated, smallpox vaccination should NOT be given. Check with health care providers or your records to ensure measles, mumps, rubella, polio, diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis immunizations are up to date. Prophylactic medication for malaria and certain other preventive measures are advisable for some travelers. NO immunizations are required to return to the United States. Pertinent information is included in "Health Information for International Travel," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 or may be obtained from your local health department or physician.

HEALTH INSURANCE. Persons considering foreign travel should determine what health insurance coverage, if any, they have while outside the United States. Medicare does not cover health care costs outside the United States except under limited circumstances in Canada and Mexico.

CUSTOMS SERVICE. The pamphlet, "Know Before You Go," gives you current pertinent information about Customs requirements, and how they apply to articles acquired abroad. Obtain a copy from your nearest Customs Office or from the U.S. Customs Service, P.O. Box 7407, Washington, D.C. 20044. The transportation of currency or bearer instrument, regardless of the amount, is legal; however, if you take out or bring into the United States more than $5,000 (U.S. or foreign currency, travelers checks, money orders, or other bearer monetary instruments), you are required by U.S. law to file a report with the U.S. Customs Service.

TREASURY. The unlicensed purchase or importation of Cuban, North Korean, Vietnamese, or Cambodian goods is prohibited except for goods with a foreign market value of $100 or less imported as accompanied baggage directly from those countries. Certain transactions involving travel to Cuba are prohibited. For more information, contact the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Treasury Department, Washington, D.C. 20220.

AGRICULTURE. Your reentry into the United States will be speeded if you bring with you NO foreign meat, other animal products, birds, animals, fruits, vegetables, plants, soil, or other agricultural items. It is unlawful to import foreign agricultural items without permission since they may carry destructive plant or animal pests and diseases. For specific information, write "Quarantines," PPQ, APHIS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 6505 Belcrest Road, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION

VISAS. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PASSPORT BEARER TO OBTAIN THE NECESSARY VISAS.

LE TITULARE DU PASSEPORT EST SEUL RESPONSABLE DE L'OBTENTION DES VISAS REQUIS.

HEALTH. Under the International Health Regulations, a country may require an International Certificate of Vaccination only against Yellow Fever. Smallpox vaccination is NOT required by any country. NO immunizations are required to return to the United States. Prophylactic medication for malaria, and certain other preventive measures are advisable for some travelers; check with your health care provider or local health department. Also, ensure that your immunizations for measles, mumps, rubella, polio, diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis are up to date. If you become ill upon return to the United States, inform your physician of your recent travel abroad. For more information call (404) 332-4559 or see "Health Information for International Travel," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

HEALTH INSURANCE. Persons considering foreign travel should determine what health insurance coverage, if any, they should have while outside the United States. Medicare does not cover health care costs outside the United States and its territories except under limited circumstances in Canada and Mexico.

CUSTOMS SERVICE. The pamphlet, "Know Before You Go," gives you current pertinent information about Customs requirements, and how they apply to articles acquired abroad. Obtain a copy from your nearest Customs Office or from the U.S. Customs Service, P.O. Box 7407, Washington, D.C. 20044. The transportation of currency or bearer instrument, regardless of the amount, is legal; however, if you take out of or bring into the United States more than $10,000 (U.S. or foreign currency, travelers checks, money orders, or other bearer monetary instruments), you are required by U.S. law to file a report with the U.S. Customs Service.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

TREASURY. As of mid-1992, the purchase or importation of Cuban, North Korean, Vietnamese, Libyan, Iraqi, or Yugoslav (Serbian and Montenegrin) goods or services, and the importation of Haitian or Iranian goods or services, are generally prohibited, except for informational materials and limited goods imported directly as accompanied baggage. Transactions related to travel in or to Cuba, Libya, or Iraq are generally prohibited. For current restrictions and licensing information, write the Office of Foreign Assets Control, U.S. Department of the Treasury, Washington, D.C. 20220, or call (202) 622-2490.

AGRICULTURE. Your reentry into the United States will be speeded if you bring with you NO foreign meat, or other animal products, birds, animals, fruits, vegetables, plants, soil, or other agricultural items. It is unlawful to import foreign agricultural items without permission since they may carry destructive plant or animal pests and diseases. For specific information, write "Quarantines." PPQ, APHIS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE. All U.S. citizens working and residing overseas are required to file and report on their worldwide income. See IRS Publication 54 for an explanation of filing requirements and benefits.

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LOSS, THEFT OR DESTRUCTION OF PASSPORT should be reported immediately to local police authorities and to the Passport Services, Washington, D.C. 20520, or, if overseas, to the nearest American embassy or consulate. Your passport is a valuable citizenship and identity document. It should be carefully safeguarded. Its loss could cause you unnecessary travel complications as well as significant expense.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION

ALTERATION OR MUTILATION OF PASSPORT. This passport must not be altered or mutilated in any way. Alteration may make it INVALID and, if willful, may subject you to prosecution (Title 18, U.S. Code, Section 1543). Only authorized officials of the United States or of foreign countries, in connection with official matters, may place stamps or make statements, notations or additions in this passport. You may amend or update personal information for your own convenience on page four.

LOSS OF CITIZENSHIP. Under certain circumstances, you may lose your U.S. citizenship by performing any of the following acts: (1) naturalization in a foreign state (2) taking an oath, or making a declaration, to a foreign state (3) certain service in the armed forces of a foreign state (4) accepting employment with a foreign government or (5) formally renouncing U.S. citizenship before a U.S. consular officer overseas. For detailed information, consult the nearest American embassy or consulate, or contact the Office of Citizens Consular Services, Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20520–4818, or call (202) 647–3444.

DUAL CITIZENS. A person who has the citizenship of more than one country at the same time is considered a dual citizen. Citizenship may be based on facts of birth, marriage, parentage or naturalization. A dual citizen may, while in the jurisdiction of the other country which considers that person its citizen, be subject to all of its laws, including being conscripted for military service. Dual citizens who encounter problems abroad should contact the nearest American embassy or consulate.

TRAVEL INFORMATION. For countries you may visit can be heard by calling (202) 647–5225. Travel information is also posted at U.S. passport agencies and U.S. embassies and consulates overseas.

WHEN TRAVELING IN DISTURBED OR REMOTE AREAS, OR RESIDING ABROAD, you should register and keep in touch with the nearest American embassy or consulate. You may listen to the latest Department of State travel information by calling (202) 647–5225.

NOTICE: IT IS UNLAWFUL: FOR ANY PERSON NOT THE BEARER TO USE THIS PASSPORT; TO USE THIS PASSPORT IN CONTRAVENTION OF THE PASSPORT REGULATIONS OR OF THE CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS SET OUT IN THIS PASSPORT; OR TO USE THIS PASSPORT FOR TRAVEL TO COUNTRIES WHERE A U.S. PASSPORT IS NOT VALID. TITLE 18, U.S. CODE SECTION 1544. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT THE NEAREST U.S. EMBASSY OR CONSULATE OR THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, (202) 326–6168.

FOR YOUR PROTECTION PENCIL IN THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES BELOW.

PLEASE KEEP THESE ENTRIES UP TO DATE.

BEARER’S ADDRESS IN THE UNITED STATES:

ADRESSE DU TITULAIRE AUX ETATS-UNIS:


BEARER’S FOREIGN ADDRESS:

ADRESSE DU TITULAIRE À L’ETRANGER:


IN CASE OF EMERGENCY, NOTIFY THE NEAREST AMERICAN EMBASSY OR CONSULATE OR THE STATE DEPARTMENT, CITIZENS EMERGENCY CENTER, AT (202) 647–5225 AND THE INDIVIDUAL NAMED BELOW:

EN CAS D’URGENCE, PRIERE D’AVISER L’AMBASSADE OU LE CONSULAT DES ETATS-UNIS LE PLUS PROCHE OU LE CENTRE DES URGENCES CONSULAIRES DU DÉPARTEMENT D’ETAT AU (202) 647–5225 AINSI QUE LA PERSONNE DONT LE NOM FIGURE CI-DESSOUS.

Name
Nom

Address
Adresse

Telephone
Téléphone
TIPS FOR TRAVELERS

1. Make sure you have a valid passport and visas, if required. In case of an emergency, a relative in the U.S. should have a passport also.

2. Call the State Department's Citizens Emergency Center at (202) 647-5225 for information on the areas to be visited. Stay aware of events in the country you are visiting.

3. Make 2 photocopies of your passport identification page. Leave one copy at home. Carry the other with you in a separate place from your passport. This will facilitate replacement if your passport is lost or stolen.

4. Leave a copy of your itinerary with family or friends at home so you can be contacted in case of emergency.

5. When traveling in disturbed or remote areas, or residing abroad, you should register and keep in touch with the nearest American embassy or consulate.

6. Do not leave luggage unattended in public areas or accept packages from strangers.

7. Avoid conspicuous clothing and expensive jewelry and do not carry excessive amounts of money or unnecessary credit cards.

8. In order to avoid violating local laws, deal only with authorized agents when exchanging money or purchasing souvenirs.

9. Familiarize yourself with local laws and customs of the countries to which you are traveling. While in a foreign country, you are subject to its laws.

10. Contact the nearest U.S. consul if you get into trouble.
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BENJAMIN FRANKLIN

This edition of the United States passport honors both Dr. Benjamin Franklin, perhaps our most outstanding accomplishment, and the bicentennial anniversary of the early history of the Consular Service. Dr. Franklin's

One of history's great renaissance persons, Benjamin Franklin had distinguished parallel careers as an author, inventor, and statesman. Few persons throughout the past two thousand years have made more lasting contributions to western civilization. As a United States Minister to France during the Revolutionary War, Dr. Franklin was instrumental in securing vital continental European support for the fledgling American republic.

Dr. Franklin also performed the duties of a U.S. Consular Officer, issuing passports and providing services to the citizens of the new American republic who were traveling abroad. In order to gain assistance with this critical work, and in recognition of the need for knowledgeable U.S. businessmen to oversee our commercial interests abroad, Dr. Franklin vigorously lobbied the Congress for the appointment of Consuls and Vice-Consuls. To that end, Dr. Franklin and Charles Gravens, the French foreign minister, signed a consular convention on July 29, 1784. Continuing in the tradition of Dr. Franklin, United States consular officers have a distinguished 200-year history of providing aid to Americans located in the farthest reaches of the world.

Amendments and Endorsements

Please be assured that this passport, which now bears as a citizen or national of the United States, guarantees that you will find a welcoming beacon whenever the U.S. flag flies abroad.

Modifications et Mentions Spéciales

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