

Jan 9, 1983

Dear Mr Hormay

I read your article
in the Beef Magazine
and thought it was good
and enjoyed it. Maybe
you could help me out
a little with advice and
if you need some money
for it drop me a line
and tell me how much.

We run about 300 cows
started calving April 1st
we use Blk and Blk Intimate
Cows with Charlois Bulls.

We sell last of oct
with calves averaging
about 525 lbs depending



MoorMan Pig Feed Products with WDC containing Carbadox (Mecadox*) and Banminth**— Recommended for pigs up to 75 lb. body weight.

For control of swine dysentery (vibronic dysentery, bloody scours or hemorrhagic dysentery); control of bacterial swine enteritis (salmonellosis or necrotic enteritis caused by *Salmonella choleraesuis*); aid in the prevention of migration and establishment of large roundworm (*Ascaris suum*) infections; aid in the prevention of establishment of nodular worm (*Oesophagostomum*) infections of swine.

*Trademark of Pfizer, Inc.

**Trademark of Pfizer, Inc. for Pyrantel Tartrate.

on the year. We go to summer pasture 1st of may on noC for a month and then been rotating them every 2 weeks on pastures A B D. We like to leave a little grass over in each pasture when we come out of there by august 15th. then we go to winter range.

would you please let me know what you think of this. also give me advice of what to do to have more grass and still run 300



Thank you so much
Conrad Lee

A
1600
ACRES

B
1160
ACRES

C
480
ACRES
CHESTED WHEAT
GRASS

F
320
ACRES
BULL
PASTURE

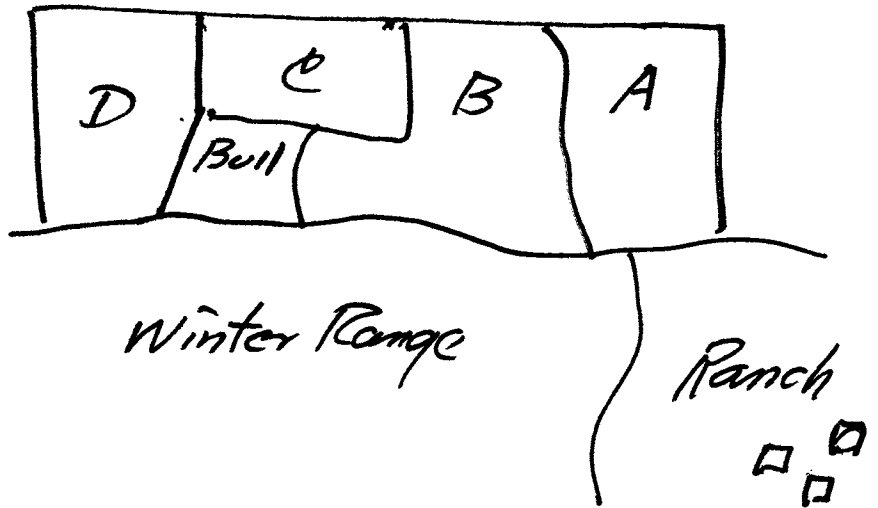
D
1040
ACRES

WINTER RANGE

RANCH

Conrad L Cox
Whitewater, Montana
59544

Pastures	Acres
A	1600
B	1160
C	480 Crested Wheat
D	1040
F	320 Bull Pasture



Operation

300 cows

Calving April 1

Angus

Angus-Herford

Charolais

} cows

Bulls

Calves sold Oct 25 \pm 525/lb

Season April 1 - Oct 25 = 7 months

Summer range

Season May 1 - Aug 15

Winter range

Memorandum

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Dillon Resource Area

IN REPLY REFER TO:
4190.2

To : Matador Sage Creek AMP File #0012
FROM : L. I. Hagener, Range Conservationist
SUBJECT: 1982 Evaluation

Date: February 24, 1983

Pastures 3 and 3A were the early use pastures in 1982. Matador lost 20+ cows while they were in pastures 3 and 3A. Most of the losses occurred because of poison (Deoc) while they were in pasture 3A. Two cows died in pasture 3 (in the lower part) which we suspect was due to iris poisoning. Matador is trying to get by with keeping cattle in 3A instead of taking the several additional days that would be required to move the cattle the rest of the way over to pasture 3. It is not just a matter of taking one herd unit over, but moving 3 or 4 herds for two days each. Marion and I discussed spraying and fencing, without any resolution. It seems to us to be a no-win situation, and Matador will just have to incur the extra time and expense of moving the cattle.

Pasture 3A has forage left over in nearly every treatment it gets. Cattle are finally starting to find their way to the south lakes where there hasn't been much use except for occasional trespass sheep. Marion asked if it would be permitted to leave some cattle back in 3A when the date arrives to move them to 1 and 1A. I told him the grazing plan does allow for that, if he wants to do it. The seed trample treatment is not as effective if cattle are not moved in at seedripeness time, but it is not something to worry about, since the grazing program is functioning well.

Following is the actual use on pastures used in 1982:

<u>Pasture</u>	<u>Season</u>	<u>AUMs</u>
3A	5/27 - 8/25	3,562
3	6/5 - 8/25	2,187
1 ^{2/}	8/25 - 10/15	1,309
1A ^{1/} _{2/}	9/1 - 10/15	1,794
1 & 1A ^{1/} _{2/}	10/25 - 12/15	1,620

^{1/} Pastures 1 and 1A were used together after weaning.

^{2/} Pasture 1A, as of 1982, is only the Teddy Creek drainage (see comments elsewhere in this memo).

The North Spring and Pipeline development is still not functioning right. Arrangements are being made to try to correct the development again. We still believe there is not enough water in the system to run the pipeline. Installing a new separate headbox at or below the fence should help to supply enough water for the pipeline.

During the summer, Matador installed a new fence between the head of Price Creek/Little Sage Creek and the Teddy Creek drainage. This was done to try to control use in Teddy Creek better, and get some use in the head of Price and Little Sage creeks. The fence worked quite well. Marion doesn't know if he wants the old 1-1A fence torn down yet because it still may be useful in controlling use, especially since the North Spring and Pipeline hasn't done any good controlling use up to now.

Next year (1983), is a bad year for moving into pasture 2 because of poison and the use that occurs in Teddy Creek. This problem will be helped a bit by Ray wintering some cows (500-800) at Sage Creek which he will be able to turn out from the low side of pasture 2.

LIHagener/jb

J. J. Hagener
2/24/83